

Stefan's Advanced Polygon API Demos

[StPendl](#)

[Stefan's Advanced Polygon API Demos](#) | [Array of Structures](#) | [String Hack](#)

Array of Structures

Currently there are two ways to handle an array of structures.

1) using direct memory access. This is the regular way, but involves using API functions.

```
'draw_polygon.bas
'Author: Stefan Pendl
'Date: 30.01.06
'
' draw polygon thru user defined points
' minimum number of points is 3
'
' left mouse button to set points
' right mouse button to draw poly

nomainwin

polyDrawn = 0
ptSize = 4
ptColor$ = "red"
polySize = 1
polyColor$ = "black"
fillColor$ = "green"
polyFillColor$ = "blue"

gbWidth = 300
gbHeight = 300

if gbWidth > DisplayWidth - 30 then gbWidth = DisplayWidth - 30
if gbHeight > DisplayHeight - 90 then gbHeight =
DisplayHeight - 90

WindowWidth = gbWidth + 30
WindowHeight = gbHeight + 90

UpperLeftX = int((DisplayWidth-WindowWidth)/2)
```

```
UpperLeftY = int((DisplayHeight-WindowHeight)/2)

graphicbox #1.gb, 10, 10, gbWidth, gbHeight
button #1.draw, "Draw Poly", [drawPoly], ul, 10,
gbHeight + 20, 60, 20
stylebits #1.ptnum, _SS_RIGHT, 0, 0, 0
statictext #1.ptnum, "0", 80, gbHeight + 20, 15, 15
statictext #1.pt, "Points selected", 100, gbHeight + 20, 100, 15

statictext #1.ptx, "X:", 200, gbHeight + 20, 10, 15
stylebits #1.ptxpos, _SS_RIGHT, 0, 0, 0
statictext #1.ptxpos, "000", 215, gbHeight + 20, 20, 15

statictext #1.pty, "Y:", 200, gbHeight + 40, 10, 15
stylebits #1.ptypos, _SS_RIGHT, 0, 0, 0
statictext #1.ptypos, "000", 215, gbHeight + 40, 20, 15
open "Polygon" for window_nf as #1
#1 "trapclose [quit]"
#1.draw "!disable"
#1.gb "down;fill ";fillColor$;";flush"
#1.gb "size "; ptSize
#1.gb "color "; ptColor$
#1.gb "backcolor "; polyFillColor$
#1.gb "when mouseMove [updatePos]"
#1.gb "when leftButtonUp [drawPoint]"
#1.gb "when rightButtonUp [drawPoly]"
h=hwnd(#1.gb) 'window handle

'get device context for window:
calldll #user32, "GetDC",_
    h as ulong,_
    hdc as ulong

cursor crosshair
wait

[updatePos]
#1.ptxpos MouseX
#1.ptypos MouseY
wait

[drawPoint]
if polyDrawn = 1 then
    #1.gb "cls;fill "; fillColor$; ";flush blank"
    polyDrawn = 0
    Points$ = ""
```

```
    ptNum = 0
end if

Points$ = Points$; MouseX; " "; MouseY; " "

#1.gb "set "; MouseX; " "; MouseY

ptNum = ptNum + 1
#1.ptnum ptNum

if ptNum = 3 then #1.draw "!enable"
wait

[drawPoly]
if ptNum < 3 then wait

#1.draw "!disable"
#1.gb "size "; polySize
#1.gb "color "; polyColor$

STRUCT PolyPoints,
    x as long,
    y as long

PolyPointsLen = len(PolyPoints.struct)

cbBuf = PolyPointsLen * ptNum

uFlags = _LMEM_MOVEABLE or _LMEM_ZEROINIT

CallDll #kernel32, "LocalAlloc", _
    uFlags as ulong, _
    cbBuf as ulong, _
    hMem as ulong

CallDll #kernel32, "LocalLock", _
    hMem as ulong, _
    PolyPointsArray as ulong

BufferPointer = PolyPointsArray

'The STRUCT must be filled before it can be used in an api call:
for count = 1 to ptNum * 2 step 2
    PolyPoints.x.struct = val(word$(Points$, count))
    PolyPoints.y.struct = val(word$(Points$, count + 1))
```

```
call dll #kernel32, "RtlMoveMemory", _
    BufferPointer as ulong, _
    PolyPoints    as struct,_
    PolyPointsLen as ulong, _
    result        as void

    BufferPointer = BufferPointer + PolyPointsLen
next

call dll #gdi32, "Polygon",_
    hdc          as ulong,_
'device context of window or control
    PolyPointsArray as ulong,_
'memory address of array of points
    ptNum        as ulong,      'number of x,y pairs in array
    result        as long

#1.gb "getbmp pix 0 0 ";gbWidth; " "; gbHeight
#1.gb "delsegment Polygon;drawbmp pix 0 0;flush Polygon"
#1.gb "size "; ptSize
#1.gb "color "; ptColor$
polyDrawn = 1

' free PolyPointsArray memory
call dll #kernel32, "LocalFree", _
    hMem    as ulong, _
    result  as ulong
wait

[quit]
call dll #user32, "ReleaseDC",_
    h    as ulong,_
    hdc as ulong,_
    ret as long

close #1
end
```

String Hack

This one is based on an easter egg of LB, where a structure is basically handled like a string, since you use the LEN() function to get the size of the structure in LB.

```
'draw_poly.bas
'Author: Stefan Pendl
'Date: 08.07.08
'
' draw polygon thru user defined points
' minimum number of points is 3
'
' left mouse button to set points
' right mouse button to draw poly

nomainwin

polyDrawn = 0
ptSize = 4
ptColor$ = "red"
polySize = 1
polyColor$ = "black"
fillColor$ = "green"
polyFillColor$ = "blue"

gbWidth = 300
gbHeight = 300

if gbWidth > DisplayWidth - 30 then gbWidth = DisplayWidth - 30
if gbHeight > DisplayHeight - 90 then gbHeight =
DisplayHeight - 90

WindowWidth = gbWidth + 30
WindowHeight = gbHeight + 90

UpperLeftX = int((DisplayWidth-WindowWidth)/2)
UpperLeftY = int((DisplayHeight-WindowHeight)/2)

graphicbox #1.gb, 10, 10, gbWidth, gbHeight
button #1.draw, "Draw Poly", [drawPoly], 10,
gbHeight + 20, 60, 20
stylebits #1.ptnum, _SS_RIGHT, 0, 0, 0
statictext #1.ptnum, "0", 80, gbHeight + 20, 15, 15
statictext #1.pt, "Points selected", 100, gbHeight + 20, 100, 15

statictext #1.ptx, "X:", 200, gbHeight + 20, 10, 15
stylebits #1.ptxpos, _SS_RIGHT, 0, 0, 0
statictext #1.ptxpos, "000", 215, gbHeight + 20, 20, 15

statictext #1.pty, "Y:", 200, gbHeight + 40, 10, 15
stylebits #1.ptypos, _SS_RIGHT, 0, 0, 0
```

```
statictext #1.ptypos, "000", 215, gbHeight + 40, 20, 15
open "Polygon" for window_nf as #1
#1 "trapclose [quit]"
#1.draw "!disable"
#1.gb "down;fill ";fillColor$;"flush"
#1.gb "size "; ptSize
#1.gb "color "; ptColor$
#1.gb "backcolor "; polyFillColor$
#1.gb "when mouseMove [updatePos]"
#1.gb "when leftButtonUp [drawPoint]"
#1.gb "when rightButtonUp [drawPoly]"
h=hwnd(#1.gb) 'window handle

'get device context for window:
calldll #user32, "GetDC",_
    h as ulong,_
    hdc as ulong

cursor crosshair
wait

[updatePos]
#1.pt xpos MouseX
#1.pt ypos MouseY
wait

[drawPoint]
if polyDrawn = 1 then
    #1.gb "cls;fill "; fillColor$; "flush blank"
    polyDrawn = 0
    Points$ = ""
    ptNum = 0
end if

Points$ = Points$; MouseX; " "; MouseY; " "
#1.gb "set "; MouseX; " "; MouseY

ptNum = ptNum + 1
#1.ptnum ptNum

if ptNum = 3 then #1.draw "!enable"
wait

[drawPoly]
if ptNum < 3 then wait
```

```
#1.draw "!disable"
#1.gb "size "; polySize
#1.gb "color "; polyColor$

STRUCT PolyPoints,_
    x as long,_
    y as long

PolyPointsArray$ = ""

'The STRUCT must be filled before it can be used in an api call:
for count = 1 to ptNum * 2 step 2
    PolyPoints.x.struct = val(word$(Points$, count))
    PolyPoints.y.struct = val(word$(Points$, count + 1))

    PolyPointsArray$ = PolyPointsArray$; PolyPoints.struct
next

call dll #gdi32, "Polygon",_
    hdc             as ulong,_
'device context of window or control
    PolyPointsArray$ as ptr,_
'memory address of array of points
    ptNum          as ulong,_
    result         as long           'number of x,y pairs in array

#1.gb "getbmp pix 0 0 ";gbWidth; " "; gbHeight
#1.gb "delsegment Polygon;drawbmp pix 0 0;flush Polygon"
#1.gb "size "; ptSize
#1.gb "color "; ptColor$
polyDrawn = 1

wait

[quit]
call dll #user32, "ReleaseDC",_
    h   as ulong,_
    hdc as ulong,_
    ret as long

close #1
end
```